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Γ	APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		ATT	ORNEY DOCKET NO.
	09/327,76	1 06/07/99	PETERSEN	-	D	99.501
Γ	- ROBERT C. NABINGER FISH & RICHARDSON P.C.		HM22/0731	┐	EXAMINER	
					WITZ,J	
		LIN STREET			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	BOSTON MA 02110-2804			1651	12	
					DATE MAILED:	07/31/01

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	•	09/327,761	PETERSEN ET AL.					
∜	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
		Jean C. Witz	1651					
	Th MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address					
	Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filled after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status								
1) 🖾	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 111	May 2001 .						
2a)⊠		is action is non-final.						
3)								
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4) 🖂	Claim(s) 2,3,8 and 12-38 is/are pending in the	e application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2,3,8 and 12-38</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)[8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Applicati	on Papers							
•	The specification is objected to by the Examine							
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.								
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action. 12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.								
<i>,</i> —	·	ammer.	•					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
, —	13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some c) ☐ None of. 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage								
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
14) 🗌 A	14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
	a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s)								
2) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>1</u> 0	5) Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)					
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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed May 11, 2001 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive for the reasons set forth below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 4. Claims 2-3, 8 and 12-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yim et al., O'Leary et al. and WO 9639203 taken as a whole for the reasons of record.

the success of said compositions.

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Applicants assert that "the Examiner picks and chooses components at random from compositions described in three references and then combines them to reconstruct the compositions covered by the claims " In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971). In the instant case, an analysis of Applicants' invention shows clearly that all of the components of Applicants' invention are known to be included in bone graft compositions for their individual and well known contributions to

O'Leary et al. discloses a flowable demineralized bone matrix powder for the treatment of bone defects that can contain other ingredients such as parenchymal cells, mesenchymal cells and growth factors. In order to change the thixotropic characteristics of the powder to retain the homogeneity of the composition, O'Leary et al. add a polymer matrix such as glycerol and/or a thickener such as carboxy methylcellulose

Yim et al. discloses a polymer matrix for the delivery of osteogenic proteins. Yim et al. includes a protein sequestering agent that is osteogenic or osteoconductive.

Carboxymethylcellulose is disclosed as one of those agents. Yim also states that

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calcium sulfate, particularly calcium sulfate hemihydrate (plaster of paris) is well known to be included in a bone graft composition. Yim et al states at col. 2 lines 63-65, "adding a CSHS [(calcium sulfate hemihydrate-containg substance)] reduces setup time and provides improved moldability and consistency of the resulting [bone inducing] formulation." Calcium sulfate provides calcium to the osteoblasts at the site of bone repair for production of the inorganic component of bone tissue.

Therefore, both references include components of the claimed invention and both references explain the contributions of these components to a bone graft composition. There is no suggestion or expectation that the addition of calcium sulfate to the composition of O'Leary would render it ineffective for the intended purpose; to the contrary, the addition of the calcium sulfate is disclosed as being appropriate for use in bone graft compositions. While none of the references individually disclose the combination of the two components of the claimed composition, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine two compositions, each of which is taught by the prior art to be useful for the same purpose in order to form a third composition that is to be used for the exact same purpose. The idea of combining these compositions flows logically from their having been individually taught in the prior art. In re Kerkhoven, 626 F.2d 846, 205 USPQ 1069 (CCPA 1980). Further, applicant's arguments are directed towards the references individually, and one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

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Conclusion

5. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jean C. Witz whose telephone number is (703) 308-3073. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. M-Th and alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Wityshyn can be reached on (703) 308-4743. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-4242 for regular communications and (703) 308-4242 for After Final communications.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

Jean C. Witz Primary Examiner Art Unit 1651

July 30, 2001